

# GUIDELINES FOR RECORDING COMPLIANCE WITH CRASH TEST PROTOCOL

# SIDE IMPACT CRASH TEST

Test Organisation Reference No.:		
Test Organisation		
Vehicle Make & Model:		
ANCAP Reference Code:		
Date of ANCAP authorisation to proceed with test:		
Euro NCAP Test Protocol	Version:	Date:
Test Date:		
Test Engineer (name):		
Task	Date Completed	Initials
Task  A. Vehicle Specification Checks	Date Completed	Initials
	Date Completed	Initials
A. Vehicle Specification Checks	Date Completed	Initials
A. Vehicle Specification Checks  B. Vehicle Preparation & marking	Date Completed	Initials
A. Vehicle Specification Checks  B. Vehicle Preparation & marking  C. Barrier/Trolley Preparation	Date Completed	Initials
A. Vehicle Specification Checks  B. Vehicle Preparation & marking  C. Barrier/Trolley Preparation  D. Passenger Compartment Setup	Date Completed	Initials
A. Vehicle Specification Checks  B. Vehicle Preparation & marking  C. Barrier/Trolley Preparation  D. Passenger Compartment Setup  E. Dummy installation	Date Completed	Initials

Test No.	DRAFT

## INTRODUCTION

This document sets out the *information that is required to be recorded* in association with the mobile deformable barrier (MDB) side impact crash test. *It is not intended to be a description of how the tests are to be performed.* Test organisations must develop their own documentation for this purpose.

The test is to be conducted in accordance with the version of the published Euro NCAP Test Protocol that has been agreed to by ANCAP, subject to variations described in this document and in the ANCAP Test Lab Protocol.

Test organisations may use this document or their own checklists, provided that the in-house checklists cover all items described in this document and that the checklists are made available to authorised ANCAP personnel for inspection, if requested.

Requirements that are additional to the Test Protocol are shown in red text.

## A. VEHICLE SPECIFICATION CHECKS

#### Purpose:

- · To record delivery information
- · To ensure that the vehicle meets the specifications required by ANCAP
- · To ensure that manufacturer's settings have been sought and received
- To record safety-related features of the vehicle

ITEM	PROTOCOL	DESCRIPTION	CHECKED	РНОТО
A1 Deli	very inforr	mation & manufacturer's settings		
A1.1	-	Delivery date	(date)	
A1.2	-	Name of motor dealer		
A1.3	-	Date manufacturer's settings requested	(date)	
A1.4	-	Date manufacturer's setting received (see A4)	(date)	
A1.5	-	Name of manufacturer's representative		

A2. Vehicle specifications				
A2.1	-	Variant (eg "GLX")		
A2.2	-	Body type (eg "5 door hatch")		
A2.3	-	Photographs of vehicle (without signage)		
		Front		A2.3a
		Front ¾		A2.3b
		Driver's side		A2.3c
		Rear ¾		A2.3d
		Passenger side		A2.3e
		Underside - front		A2.3f

Test Engineer	Signature	Date:	v2.1 Page 2



ITEM	PROTOCOL	DESCRIPTION	CHECKED	РНОТО
		Underside - rear		A2.3g
		Under bonnet		A2.3h
		Plan view		A2.3i
A2.4	-	Build date (photo of build plate)		A2.4
A2.5	-	ADR Compliance Plate date (photo of plate)		A2.5
A2.6	-	VIN (& photo):		A2.6
A2.7	-	Engine number (& photo):		A2.7
A2.8	-	Engine size & configuration		
A2.9	-	Transmission type and number of gears		
A2.10	-	Odometer reading	km	
A2.11	-	Wheels (type & size)		
A2.12	-	Tyres (type & size)		
A2.13	-	Tyre placard pressures Front:	kPa	A2.13
		for "normal" load (photo of placard) Rear	kPa	
A2.14	-	Is steering column tilt (vertical) adjustable?	Y/N	
		Is steering column reach adjustable? (X)	Y/N	
A2.15	-	Function of instrument warning lights		
A2.16	-	Vehicle roadworthy		
A2.17	-	Vehicle clean outside, inside & underneath		
A2.18	-	Condition of bodywork (eg dents)		
		Have pedestrian tests been performed?	Y/N	

A3 Seats and Restraints					
Item	Driver	Front Passenger	Rear Outboard	Rear Centre	
A3.1 Seat style (BU=bucket or BE=bench)					
A3.2 Seat back angle adjustment*					
A3.3 Seat fore/aft adjustment*					
A3.4 Seat height adjustment*					
A3.5 Seat cushion tilt adjustment*					
A3.6 Head restraint fitted?					
A3.7 Head restraint height adjustment					
A3.8 Head restraint tilt adjustment					
A3.9 Active head restraint?					
A3.10 Seat belt type#					

Took Coolings	Ciamatura	Data	v2 1 Dogo 2
Test Engineer	Signature	Date:	v2.1 Page 3

Test No.	DRAFT



A3.11 Upper anchorage height adjustable		
A3.12 Seat belt pretensioner		
A3.13 Seat belt load limiter		
A3.14 Front airbag		
A3.15 Side airbag - thorax		
A3.16 Side airbag - head (Curtain, Tube, Bag or None)		
A3.17 Knee airbag		
A3.18 Anti-submarining seat design		
(where claimed by manufacturer)		
A3.19 Top tether anchorage location@		
A3.20 ISOFIX anchorages		

<sup>\*</sup> E=electrical adjustment, M=manual adjustment F=fixed (non-adjustable)

# ELR=3 point emergency locking retractor. ALR=3 point automatic locking retractor, L=2 point LS=fixed 3 point

@ P=parcel shelf, S=back of seat, F=floor, T=tailgate sill, R=roof/ceiling

## A4. Manufacturer-specified settings (for tyre pressures see A2.13)

Where "page number" is requested, indicate the page number in the owner's handbook that explains *how to adjust* the item concerned.

Where the manufacturer provides set-up information this must be retained for archive purposes but should not be included in the report, unless to explain a variation to the set-up.

It is recommended that the R-point data (item 4.12) is checked by physically measuring the vehicle early in the set-up process. In particular the Y value of the R-point should match the centreline of the driver's seat. Resolve with manufacturer if there is a discrepancy.

ITEM	PROTOCOL	DESCRIPTION	CHECKED	РНОТО
A4.1	1.1.1	Fuel tank capacity Page number	litres	
A4.2	1.1.7	Unladen kerb weight	kg	
A4.3	6.1.1	H-point machine torso angle	degrees	
		(if only seat back angle is provided then the reference system must be described)		
		Page number (seat back angle adjustment)		
A4.4.	5.1.1	Seat fore/aft position for 95%ile male (distance from foremost point of travel)	mm	
		Page number		
A4.5	5.2.5	Seat base tilt angle (from horizontal) or position of control(s)	degrees	
		Page number		

	6		0.4 D 4
Test Engineer	Signature	Date:	v2.1 Page 4



A4.6	5.2.6	Seat lumbar support setting	
		Page number	
A4.7	6.3.1.2	Height of seat belt upper anchorage (if adjustable) (distance from highest setting)	mm
		Page number	
A4.8	-	Whether front seat belts have pretensioners, webbing grabbers and load limiters	
A4.9	-	Whether rear seat belts have pretensioners, webbing grabbers and load limiters	
A4.10	5.3	Steering wheel horizontal adjustment (eg diagram of mid-point, if adjustable)	
		Page number	
A4.11	5.4	Steering wheel vertical adjustment (eg diagram of mid-point, if adjustable)	
		Page number	
A4.12	1.3.1	Location of R-point (XYZ) and associated reference ("lock-in") points for co-ordinate system (1 "origin" and at least 2 alignment points)	R-point?  Number of reference points:
		Diagrams or photographs provided?	Diagram/Photo
A4.13	5.2.1	Is driver's seat height adjustable?	Y / N
7	0.2	If NO then skip to next item	
		If YES, then determine the height setting in the following order:	
		a) Height of a non-adjustable driver's seat for this vehicle model (i.e. another variant of this model)	
		b) Height of a non-adjustable passenger seat for this variant	a/b/c
		c) Mid-point of driver's seat height adjustment	
		If a) or b):	Driver/Passn
		Driver or passenger seat?	mm
		Height of H-point of non-adjustable seat OR	
		Description of of control settings	
		(For H-point, use same reference points as R-point measurement)	
		If manufacturer does not provide a setting then a H-point machine will need to be used in the non-adjustable passenger	

Test Engineer	Signature	Date:	v2.1 Page 5



		seat to determine the required setting.	
A.4.14	9.4.2	Door handle pull angle - from horizontal from vertical	degrees degrees
A.4.15	-	Acceptable battery voltage range 5 minutes prior to test (measured at terminals)	V to V
A4.16	-	Does the engine need to be run just prior to the test? (eg for suspension system).  If YES, see manufacturer's instructions (eg providing fuel to the engine, running time)	Y/N
A4.17	6.4	Make & model of CRS for TNO P1.5 dummy	
A4.18	6.4	Make & model of CRS for TNO P3 dummy	
A4.19	-	Can rear seat head restraints be removed or modified to improve the view of the child dummy movement?  If YES, describe the allowed modifications	Y/N
A4.20	1.4.1	Does spare wheel need to be retained for crash performance?	
A4.21	1.4.7	Expected Test Mass Expected front axle load Expected rear axle load	kg kg kg
A4.22	-	Does vehicle have "pre-crash" features (eg pre-emptive firing of pre-tensioners or application of brakes)?  If YES, how can this be dis-engaged, if necessary?	Y/N

A5	-	Special instructions/requests from manufacturer:
		Recommendation from test organisation:
		Authorised by ANCAP on (date):

			0.45
Test Engineer	Signature	Date:	v2.1 Page 6

	Test No.	DRAFT
A	NCAP	

A6 Notes about vehicle specifications	

 -	



## **B. VEHICLE MASS CALCULATIONS AND PREPARATION**

## Purpose:

- To measure vehicle unladen mass
- To calculate the reference (test) mass and simulate the test mass distribution
- To prepare the vehicle and add ballast, if necessary
- To determine the R point and mark the side of the vehicle

B1. Measuring unladen mass							
ITEM	PROTOCOL	DESCRIPTION			CHEC	KED	РНОТО
B1.1	1.1.1	Fuel tank capacity (se	ee A4.1)		litres		
B1.2	1.1.1	Mass of fuel in full tar Petrol. Use 0.8 for die		x 0.745 for	kg		
B1.3	1.1.1	Mass of fuel at 90% of 0.9	of capacity	= B.1.2 x	kg		
B1.4	1.1.1	Volume of fuel substi		3 / density	litres of [wa	aterl	
B1.5	1.1.3	Fuel tank drained and	(density of water is 1 kg/litre)  Fuel tank drained and refilled to the equivalent of 90% of capacity (B1.4)  Dye colour				
B1.6	1.1.4	Other liquids at maxir					
			nt				
			Power steering				
			Bra	ke reservo	ir		
			Т	ransmissio	n		
			Was	her bottle(s			
				Other	S		
B1.7	1.1.5	Spare wheel & tools					
B1.8	1.1.6	Tyres pressures (+/-1	0kPa of A				
				Front			
			Front R				
		Rear R					
D4.0	4.4.7		Rear L			T. (.)	
B1.9	and doors. Rock		Left	Right	Total		
		vehicle to settle suspension then	Front				
		measure unladen	Rear				_
		wheel loads	Total			UKM	

Test Engineer	Signature	Date:	v2.1 Page 8



		Unladen Kerb Mass				
B1.10	-	Difference between me and stated kerb mass		cerb mass	kg	
B1.11	1.1.8	same vertical line as w	Mark body panel at top of wheelarch, in same vertical line as wheel centreline.  Measure height of this point above the ground ("ride height")			
		Photograph 2 measu	rements	Front L Front R	mm mm	B1.9a
				Rear R	mm	B1.9b
				Rear L		

## B2. Measuring reference (laden) mass

Test No.

Caution: Do not switch on ignition with battery, airbag or pretensioner disconnected Vehicle should have equivalent of 90% of capacity in fuel tank (B1.4)

ITEM	PROTOCOL	DESCRIPTION			CHEC	KED	РНОТО
B2.2	1.2.1	Determine mid-position (for seat and place in mid-position notch rearward). Photograseat (note this is not nece test position)	rst on of			B2.2	
B2.3	1.2.1	Determine mid-position (for passenger seat and place (or first notch rearward). F	in mid-po	osition			B2.3
B2.4	1.2.2	Place 80kg ballast on driv Photograph ballast on sea	Place 80kg ballast on driver's seat				B2.4
B2.5	1.2.3	Evenly distribute 20kg of the compartment (ballast is revehicle mass to 100kg more explain if other than 20kg Photograph ballast in lugg compartment	raise ne UKM	kg		B2.5	
B2.6	1.2.4	P1.5 dummy (or 11kg ball CRS is an extra 3kg, if one	Fit CRS to outboard rear seat and install P1.5 dummy (or 11kg ballast). Assume CRS is an extra 3kg, if one is not available.				B2.6
B2.7	1.2.4	Photograph CRS/ballast  Fit CRS to inboard rear seat and install P3 dummy (or 15kg ballast) ). Assume CRS is an extra 3kg, if one is not available.  Photograph CRS/ballast					B2.7
B2.9	1.2.5	Close bonnet, boot and	kg	Left	Right	Total	

Test Engineer	Signature	Date:	v2.1 Page 9



		doors. Rock vehicle to settle suspension then measure laden wheel loads  Reference laden mass	Froi Rea Tota	ar					FRM RRM RLM	
B2.10	-	Difference between RLM a mass (B1.9) (with ballast and child rest about 132kg)					kg			
B2.10a	1.4.7	Rear axle is RRM +/- less of	kg. er kg)	kg Fro rand Rea rand Tot rand	ge ar ge al	Mir	1	Ma	ах	
B2.11	1.1.8	Photograph 2 measurement Front R  Remove all weights from a luggage compartment (CF)	ents	-'s s∈	Fror Rea Rea	rR nrL	mm mm mm			B2.11a B2.11b

#### **B3. R- Point Marking**

Usually the vehicle should be supported on jack stands whenever 3D measurements are being taken. The vehicle should be supported in a manner maintains the same attitude as the laden (test) condition. There should be 3 reference points - one is the origin and the other two are for alignment purposes.

While the 3D measuring device (eg Co-ordinate Measuring Machine or CMM) is in use some reference marks will be placed on the seat, dashboard and windscreen.

It is possible that the manufacturer-supplied co-ordinate system is not aligned exactly with the ground plane. Therefore the Z axis should not be assumed to be vertical and a 3D machine is not appropriate for establishing some locations. These are indicated in the table.

ITEN	1	PROTOCOL	DESCRIPTION		CHECKED	РНОТО
				1		1
	Test	Engineer	Signature	Date:		v2.1 Page 10



B3.1	-	Ensure laden vehicle is level and support it on jacks			
B3.2	1.3.1	Locate reference points for determining R-point (see A4.12). Align 3D measuring device with reference system provided by the manufacturer. Set measuring device at "origin" reference point	point (see A4.12). Align 3D measuring device with reference system provided by the manufacturer. Set measuring device at		
		Photograph the device & reference point			
B3.5	1.3.2	Close door and move the measuring device along door panel to the manufacturer's X-Z settings for the R-point and record co-ordinates		Z	
B3.6	1.3.2	Mark R-point on outside of door. Label "R"			
B3.7	1.3.3	Draw short vertical line through R-point (approx 100mm above and below) & photograph			B3.7
B3.8	1.3.4	Mark points on roof gutter and door sill in same transverse vertical plane as R-point. Use a laser level or similar device – not 3D machine (unless it has been shown to align with ground plane when set to manufactuer's reference system)			
B3.9	1.3.5	Apply contrasting tape to connect these points (in a vertical line, with front edge aligned with R-point).			B3.9
B3.10	ANCAP	Mark lateral centeline (symmetry point) of seat at three points where they will be visible with the dummy installed:			
		Photograph marks 1. Near front of cushion:			B3.10
		2. At top of seat back:			
		3. Head restraint			
		Check that they align reasonably well with the R-point Y value provided by the manufacturer.			
B3.11	ANCAP	Apply three marks in line with the lateral centreline of the seat cushion (point 1 in B3.10). One should be on the windscreen at about dummy nose height. The second should be on top of the instrument panel vertically below (Z) the windscreen mark. Install string between these two marks. The third mark should be on the windscreen at about mid-height between the other two points. These will be used to visually check dummy alignment.			

Test Engineer	Signature	Date:	v2.1 Page 11
i est ⊏ngineei	Signature	Date.	vz.iraye ii



		2 03.13	
B3.10	-	Remove jack stands	

B4. Vel	B4. Vehicle preparation							
ITEM	PROTOCOL	DESCRIPTION			CHE	CKED	РНОТО	
B4.1	1.4.1	Remove carpet, tools a luggage compartment	and jack	from				
B4.2	1.4.1	Remove spare wheel, indicated otherwise (se			er			
B4.3	1.4.2	Battery connected and	fully cha	arged				
		ANCAP does not perm battery.	it an au	xiliary				
B4.5	1.4.3	Switch ignition on and warning light	check a	irbag				
B4.6	1.4.3	Install on-board data a and related componen and route cabling to se	ts in lug				B4.6	
B4.8	3.2.4	pillar in the Y-direction and trim. Fit mounting bottom of B-pillar, insid accelerometer to mour	Install accelerometer on the unstruck b- pillar in the Y-direction. Remove carpet and trim. Fit mounting plate to sill at bottom of B-pillar, inside the vehicle. Fix accelerometer to mounting plate. Ensure accelerometer horizontal to ± 5°.				B4.8	
B4.9	1.4.4	Place 80kg ballast on o	driver's s	seat				
B4.10	1.4.5	Fit CRS to outboard re P1.5 dummy (or 11kg l		and install				
B4.11	1.4.5	Fit CRS to inboard rear seat and install P3 dummy (or 15kg ballast)						
B4.12	and c	Close bonnet, boot	kg	Left	Right	Total		
		and doors. Rock vehicle to settle suspension and	Front			FTM		
		measure laden wheel loads. Adjust ballast to achieve required	Rear			RTM		
		axle and total masses	Total			TTM		



		Total Test Mass					
B4.13	1.4.7	Is TTM within required	range (	B2.10a)?		Y/N	
B4.14	1.4.7	Is FTM within required	range (I	32.10a)?		Y / N	
B4.15	1.4.7	Is RTM within required	range (l	B2.10a)?		Y/N	
B4.18	-	Difference between fina manufacturer' expectat Front			ear	kg kg kg	

B5.1 1.5.1 Attached ANCAP logo to bonnet and roof (front half).  B5.2 - Attach vehicle and test identification sheets to bonnet and roof (Vehicle model, test date, test identification number)  B.5.3 1.5.2 Attach test organisation logos of a size and location that does not detract from the other markings  B5.4 8.4.1 From manufacturer's reference points, or by using several symmetrical points on the vehicle body, mark a point at the front of the vehicle thatis in the longitudinal centreline of the vehicle. Repeat for a point at the rear of the vehicle angle is correct (90 degrees to impact).  B5.5 ANCAP If requested by ANCAP, mark grid points on the side of the vehicle for measuring crush profile. There should be 7 vertical lines spread along the length of the vehicle (lines 1 and 7 correspond to each end of the side of the vehicle and line 3 or 4 should correspond to the R-point). There should be 3 horizontal lines at heights of 300, 550 and 800mm above the ground. This gives a total of 21 points to be measured before and after the crash. Record the 3D positions of these grid	ITEM	PROTOCOL	DESCRIPTION	CHECKED	РНОТО
sheets to bonnet and roof (Vehicle model, test date, test identification number)  B.5.3  1.5.2  Attach test organisation logos of a size and location that does not detract from the other markings  B5.4  8.4.1  From manufacturer's reference points, or by using several symmetrical points on the vehicle body, mark a point at the front of the vehicle thatis in the longitudinal centrelline of the vehicle. Repeat for a point at the rear of the vehicle angle is correct (90 degrees to impact).  B5.5  ANCAP  If requested by ANCAP, mark grid points on the side of the vehicle for measuring crush profile. There should be 7 vertical lines spread along the length of the vehicle (lines 1 and 7 correspond to each end of the side of the vehicle and line 3 or 4 should correspond to the R-point). There should be 3 horizontal lines at heights of 300, 550 and 800mm above the ground. This gives a total of 21 points to be measured before and after the crash. Record the 3D positions of these grid	B5.1	1.5.1			
B5.4  8.4.1  From manufacturer's reference points, or by using several symmetrical points on the vehicle body, mark a point at the front of the vehicle thatis in the longitudinal centreline of the vehicle. Repeat for a point at the rear of the vehicle angle is correct (90 degrees to impact).  B5.5  ANCAP  If requested by ANCAP, mark grid points on the side of the vehicle for measuring crush profile. There should be 7 vertical lines spread along the length of the vehicle (lines 1 and 7 correspond to each end of the side of the vehicle and line 3 or 4 should correspond to the R-point). There should be 3 horizontal lines at heights of 300, 550 and 800mm above the ground. This gives a total of 21 points to be measured before and after the crash. Record the 3D positions of these grid	B5.2	-	sheets to bonnet and roof (Vehicle model		
by using several symmetrical points on the vehicle body, mark a point at the front of the vehicle thatis in the longitudinal centreline of the vehicle. Repeat for a point at the rear of the vehicle. These will be used to check that the vehicle angle is correct (90 degrees to impact).  B5.5  ANCAP  If requested by ANCAP, mark grid points on the side of the vehicle for measuring crush profile. There should be 7 vertical lines spread along the length of the vehicle (lines 1 and 7 correspond to each end of the side of the vehicle and line 3 or 4 should correspond to the R-point). There should be 3 horizontal lines at heights of 300, 550 and 800mm above the ground. This gives a total of 21 points to be measured before and after the crash. Record the 3D positions of these grid	B.5.3	1.5.2	and location that does not detract from the	9	
on the side of the vehicle for measuring crush profile. There should be 7 vertical lines spread along the length of the vehicle (lines 1 and 7 correspond to each end of the side of the vehicle and line 3 or 4 should correspond to the R-point). There should be 3 horizontal lines at heights of 300, 550 and 800mm above the ground. This gives a total of 21 points to be measured before and after the crash. Record the 3D positions of these grid	B5.4	8.4.1	by using several symmetrical points on th vehicle body, mark a point at the front of the vehicle thatis in the longitudinal centreline of the vehicle. Repeat for a point at the rear of the vehicle. These will be used to check that the vehicle angle is	e	
points (electronic record is acceptable)	on the side of the vehicle for measuring crush profile. There should be 7 vertical lines spread along the length of the vehicle (lines 1 and 7 correspond to each end of the side of the vehicle and line 3 or 4 should correspond to the R-point). There should be 3 horizontal lines at heights of 300, 550 and 800mm above the ground. This gives a total of 21 points to be measured before and after the crash.				

	Test No.	DRAFT
ANCAP		

B6 Notes about vehicle preparation							



## C. Barrier, trolley and camera preparation

## Purpose:

- · To check certification of deformable barrier
- To prepare trolley and mount barrier
- · To check trolley wheel loads
- · To check camera types and positions

## C1. Barrier and trolley

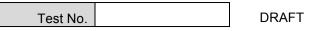
Average wheelbase of trolley must be 3000mm  $\pm$  10mm Front and rear track must be 1500  $\pm$  10mm Total mass of trolley and barrier must be 920  $\pm$  20kg

C of G of trolley and barrier must be 1000mm ± 10mm from centre of front axle

After the barrier is in place it is recommended that it be lightly supported to prevent sag.

ITEM	PROTOCOL	DESCRIPTION			CHEC	KED	РНОТО
C1.1	7	Barrier certification Mar	nufacturer	:			
		Certificate no.:	Se	rial No:			
C1.2	7.1.3	Inflate all tyres on trolley t pressure	o the sam	ie	kPa		
C1.3	7.1.2	Check abort/brake system	n compone	ents			
C1.4	7.1.4	Mount deformable barrier bottom edge is 300mm ± ground. A vented backpla	5mm from	the	mm		C1.4
		Record & photograph heigh	ght measu	irement			
C1.5	7.1.5	Mark a line along vertical (to check alignment with F		of barrier			
C1.6	9.3.1	Mount rivet or pin at barrie	er centreli	ne			C1.6
		Photograph line and rivet/	pin				
C1.7	7.1.7	Measure left & right whee average	lbase and	calculate Left:	mm		
				Right	mm		
			WB =	(L + R)/2:	mm		
C1.8	7.1.8	Measure front & rear track	k (centre c	of tyre Front:	mm		
		tread)		Rear:			
C1.9	7.1.9	Measure trolley masses	kg	Left	Right	Total	
01.0	7.1.0	Modelie a citely maced	Front	Lon	rugiii	BFM	
			110110			5. 101	
			Rear			BRM	
			Total			ВТМ	

			0.45
Test Engineer	Signature	Date:	v2.1 Page 15





C1.10	7.1.10	Calculate and record the f the centre of gravity using X = BRM x WB / BTM	•	sition of	mm	
C1.11	-	Are trolley and barrier meatolerances?  If not, describe remedial a			Y/N	
C1.12	3.3.1	Mount accelerometer inX- of Gravity ± 100mm Photograph installed acce				C1.12
C1.12	7.2.1	Attach ANCAP logo on ea (test organisation logos m from ANCAP logo)				

C2 Camera preparation pending

C3 Notes about trolley, barrier & camera preparation				

Test Engineer	Signature	Date:	v2.1 Page 16
root Engineer	0.9.14.4.0	Bato.	

Test No.	DRAFT
NCAB	

## D. Passenger Compartment Setup

#### Purpose:

- · To set seats in required positions
- · To set steering wheel in required position
- To seat belt upper anchorage in required position
- To determine H-point position

#### D1. Seat adjustments

Refer to settings and owner's handbook page numbers at A4.3 to A4.6

Driver head restraint is adjusted after dummy is installed

The seat fore/aft adjustment is made after the seat height adjustment to ensure that alignment marks are still valid at test time (most seats move longitudinally when height is adjusted).

Only test organisation personnel are permitted to adjust vehicle settings. With ANCAP approval. manufacturer's representatives may observe and advise on adjustments but must not touch any controls.

"Set" stickers or masking tape should be applied to controls after they have been adjusted to the required test position.

ITEM	PROTOCOL	DESCRIPTION	CHECKED	РНОТО
D1.1	5.2.5	Is seat base tilt adjustable?  If YES, set seat base tilt at flattest (or any point up to mid-range, if specified by manufacturer - see A4.5)	Y/N	
D1.2	5.2.5	If seat is tilt adjustable, mark and photograph the adjustment devices to clearly show their position  Least tilt  Largest tilt  Test position		D1.2a D1.2b D1.2c

Test Engineer	Signature	Date:	v2.1 Page 17



D1.3   S.2   Is a driver or front passenger seat with non-adjustable height available for this vehicle model? (see A4.13)   If YES then did the manufacturer provide instructions for setting seat height?   If YES then follow these instructions   If NO then the H-point machine needs to be installed in order to set the seat height see part XX. Skip item D1.11.			_		
instructions for setting seat height?  If YES then follow these instructions  If NO then the H-point machine needs to be installed in order to set the seat height see part XX. Skip item D1.11.  D1.3b  5.2  If D1.10 answer was "no", then seat height adjustment is done now. Place a reference mark on the seat for this purpose.  Mark & photograph lowest position of seat Mark & photograph lowest position of (from lowest setting)  Set seat at mid-height position (from lowest setting)  Set seat at mid-height & photograph  D1.4  5.2.6  Is lumbar support adjustable?  If YES set lumbar support adjustable?  If YES set lumbar support nontrol position  D1.5  Table 5  Set armrest in lowered position (unless interferes with dummy positioning)  D1.6  5.2  Front passenger seat adjusted to same setting as driver seat, where applicable  Fore/aft adjustment  Head restraint - remove, unless specified by manufacturer  Armrest in lowered position  Photograph test position of passenger seat, showing alignment marks  D1.7  Table 5  Rear seat adjustments, where applicable  Fore/aft - mid-point (move rearward to latch)  Height adjustment - mid-travel  Base tilt adjustment - flattest	D1.3	5.2	non-adjustable height available for this	Y/N	
If NO then the H-point machine needs to be installed in order to set the seat height-see part XX. Skip item D1.1.1.  D1.3b 5.2 If D1.10 answer was "no", then seat height adjustment is done now. Place a reference mark on the seat for this purpose.  Mark & photograph lowest position of seat Mark & photograph lowest position of seat Calculate mid-height position of from lowest setting)  Set seat at mid-height & photograph  D1.3c D1.3c Set Seat at mid-height & photograph  D1.4 5.2.6 Is lumbar support adjustable? If YES set lumbar support to manufacturers setting (A4.6) or fully retracted & photograph control position  D1.5 Table 5 Set armrest in lowered position (unless interferes with dummy positioning)  D1.6 5.2 Front passenger seat adjusted to same setting as driver seat, where applicable Fore/aft adjustment Height adjustment Height adjustment Head restraint - remove, unless specified by manufacturer Armrest in lowered position Photograph test position of passenger seat., showing alignment marks  D1.7 Table 5 Rear seat adjustments, where applicable Fore/aft - mid-point (move rearward to latch) Height adjustment - flattest  Base tilt adjustment - mid-travel Base tilt adjustment - flattest			·	Y/N	
be installed in order to set the seat height- see part XX. Skip item D1.11.  D1.3b  5.2			If YES then follow these instructions		
adjustment is done now. Place a reference mark on the seat for this purpose.  Mark & photograph lowest position of seat Mark & photograph highest position of seat Calculate mid-height position (from lowest setting) Set seat at mid-height & photograph  D1.3c  D1.4  D1.5  Table 5  Set seat at mid-height & photograph  D1.6  D1.7  Table 5  Rear seat adjustment Head restraint - remove, unless specified by manufacturer by manufacturer beat, showing alignment marks  D1.7  Table 5  Rear seat adjustments, where applicable Fore/aft - mid-point (move rearward to latch) Height adjustment - mid-travel Base tilt adjustment - mid-travel Base tilt adjustment - mid-travel Base tilt adjustment - flattest			be installed in order to set the seat height -		
Mark & photograph highest position of seat  Calculate mid-height position (from lowest setting)  Set seat at mid-height & photograph  D1.3c  D1.4  D1.4  D1.5  Table 5  Set seat at mid-height & photograph  D1.4  D1.5  Table 5  Set seat at mid-height & photograph  D1.4  D1.5  Table 5  Set seat at mid-height & photograph  D1.6  D1.7  Table 5  Rear seat adjustments, where applicable  Fore/aft - mid-point (move rearward to latch)  Height adjustment - mid-travel Base tilt adjustment - flattest	D1.3b	5.2	adjustment is done now. Place a reference		
Calculate mid-height position (from lowest setting)  Set seat at mid-height & photograph  D1.4 5.2.6 Is lumbar support adjustable?  If YES set lumbar support to manufacturers setting (A4.6) or fully retracted & photograph control position  D1.5 Table 5 Set armrest in lowered position (unless interferes with dummy positioning)  D1.6 5.2 Front passenger seat adjusted to same setting as driver seat, where applicable  Fore/aft adjustment  Height adjustment  Lumbar support adjustment  Head restraint - remove, unless specified by manufacturer  Armrest in lowered position  Photograph test position of passenger seat., showing alignment marks  D1.7 Table 5 Rear seat adjustments, where applicable  Fore/aft - mid-point (move rearward to latch)  Height adjustment - mid-travel  Base tilt adjustment - flattest			Mark & photograph lowest position of seat		D1.3a
Calculate mid-height position (from lowest setting)  Set seat at mid-height & photograph  D1.4 5.2.6 Is lumbar support adjustable?  If YES set lumbar support to manufacturers setting (A4.6) or fully retracted & photograph control position  D1.5 Table 5 Set armrest in lowered position (unless interferes with dummy positioning)  D1.6 5.2 Front passenger seat adjusted to same setting as driver seat, where applicable  Fore/aft adjustment  Height adjustment  Lumbar support adjustment  Head restraint - remove, unless specified by manufacturer  Armrest in lowered position  Photograph test position of passenger seat., showing alignment marks  D1.7 Table 5 Rear seat adjustments, where applicable  Fore/aft - mid-point (move rearward to latch)  Height adjustment - mid-travel  Base tilt adjustment - flattest			Mark & photograph highest position of		D1.3b
D1.3c  Calculate mid-height position (from lowest setting)  Set seat at mid-height & photograph  D1.4 5.2.6 Is lumbar support adjustable?  If YES set lumbar support to manufacturers setting (A4.6) or fully retracted & photograph control position  D1.5 Table 5 Set armrest in lowered position (unless interferes with dummy positioning)  D1.6 5.2 Front passenger seat adjusted to same setting as driver seat, where applicable  Fore/aft adjustment  Height adjustment  Lumbar support adjustment  Lumbar support adjustment  Head restraint - remove, unless specified by manufacturer  Armrest in lowered position  Photograph test position of passenger seat., showing alignment marks  D1.7 Table 5 Rear seat adjustments, where applicable  Fore/aft - mid-point (move rearward to latch)  Height adjustment - mid-travel  Base tilt adjustment - flattest				mm	
D1.4 5.2.6 Is lumbar support adjustable?  If YES set lumbar support to manufacturers setting (A4.6) or fully retracted & photograph control position  D1.5 Table 5 Set armrest in lowered position (unless interferes with dummy positioning)  D1.6 5.2 Front passenger seat adjusted to same setting as driver seat, where applicable  Fore/aft adjustment  Height adjustment  Lumbar support adjustment  Head restraint - remove, unless specified by manufacturer  Armrest in lowered position  Photograph test position of passenger seat., showing alignment marks  D1.7 Table 5 Rear seat adjustments, where applicable  Fore/aft - mid-point (move rearward to latch)  Height adjustment - mid-travel  Base tilt adjustment - flattest					D1.3c
If YES set lumbar support to manufacturers setting (A4.6) or fully retracted & photograph control position  D1.5 Table 5 Set armrest in lowered position (unless interferes with dummy positioning)  D1.6 5.2 Front passenger seat adjusted to same setting as driver seat, where applicable Fore/aft adjustment Height adjustment Lumbar support adjustment Lumbar support adjustment Head restraint - remove, unless specified by manufacturer Armrest in lowered position Photograph test position of passenger seat., showing alignment marks  D1.7 Table 5 Rear seat adjustments, where applicable Fore/aft - mid-point (move rearward to latch) Height adjustment - mid-travel Base tilt adjustment - flattest			Set seat at mid-height & photograph		
manufacturers setting (A4.6) or fully retracted & photograph control position  D1.5 Table 5 Set armrest in lowered position (unless interferes with dummy positioning)  D1.6 5.2 Front passenger seat adjusted to same setting as driver seat, where applicable Fore/aft adjustment Height adjustment Base tilt adjustment Lumbar support adjustment Head restraint - remove, unless specified by manufacturer Armrest in lowered position Photograph test position of passenger seat., showing alignment marks  D1.7 Table 5 Rear seat adjustments, where applicable Fore/aft - mid-point (move rearward to latch) Height adjustment - mid-travel Base tilt adjustment - flattest	D1.4	5.2.6	Is lumbar support adjustable?	Y/N	
interferes with dummy positioning)  D1.6  5.2  Front passenger seat adjusted to same setting as driver seat, where applicable  Fore/aft adjustment  Height adjustment  Base tilt adjustment  Lumbar support adjustment  Head restraint - remove, unless specified by manufacturer  Armrest in lowered position  Photograph test position of passenger seat., showing alignment marks  D1.7  Table 5  Rear seat adjustments, where applicable  Fore/aft - mid-point (move rearward to latch)  Height adjustment - mid-travel  Base tilt adjustment - flattest			manufacturers setting (A4.6) or fully		D1.4
setting as driver seat, where applicable Fore/aft adjustment Height adjustment Base tilt adjustment Lumbar support adjustment Head restraint - remove, unless specified by manufacturer Armrest in lowered position Photograph test position of passenger seat., showing alignment marks  D1.7 Table 5 Rear seat adjustments, where applicable Fore/aft - mid-point (move rearward to latch) Height adjustment - mid-travel Base tilt adjustment - flattest	D1.5	Table 5			
Height adjustment  Base tilt adjustment  Lumbar support adjustment  Head restraint - remove, unless specified by manufacturer  Armrest in lowered position  Photograph test position of passenger seat., showing alignment marks  D1.7 Table 5 Rear seat adjustments, where applicable  Fore/aft - mid-point (move rearward to latch)  Height adjustment - mid-travel  Base tilt adjustment - flattest	D1.6	5.2			
Base tilt adjustment  Lumbar support adjustment  Head restraint - remove, unless specified by manufacturer  Armrest in lowered position  Photograph test position of passenger seat., showing alignment marks  D1.7 Table 5 Rear seat adjustments, where applicable  Fore/aft - mid-point (move rearward to latch)  Height adjustment - mid-travel  Base tilt adjustment - flattest			Fore/aft adjustment		
Lumbar support adjustment  Head restraint - remove, unless specified by manufacturer  Armrest in lowered position  Photograph test position of passenger seat., showing alignment marks  D1.7 Table 5 Rear seat adjustments, where applicable  Fore/aft - mid-point (move rearward to latch)  Height adjustment - mid-travel  Base tilt adjustment - flattest			Height adjustment		
Head restraint - remove, unless specified by manufacturer  Armrest in lowered position  Photograph test position of passenger seat., showing alignment marks  D1.7 Table 5 Rear seat adjustments, where applicable  Fore/aft - mid-point (move rearward to latch)  Height adjustment - mid-travel  Base tilt adjustment - flattest			Base tilt adjustment		
D1.6  D1.6  Photograph test position of passenger seat., showing alignment marks  D1.7  Table 5  Rear seat adjustments, where applicable Fore/aft - mid-point (move rearward to latch)  Height adjustment - mid-travel  Base tilt adjustment - flattest			Lumbar support adjustment		
Photograph test position of passenger seat., showing alignment marks  D1.7 Table 5 Rear seat adjustments, where applicable Fore/aft - mid-point (move rearward to latch) Height adjustment - mid-travel Base tilt adjustment - flattest					
D1.7 Table 5 Rear seat adjustments, where applicable Fore/aft - mid-point (move rearward to latch) Height adjustment - mid-travel Base tilt adjustment - flattest			Armrest in lowered position		D1.6
Fore/aft - mid-point (move rearward to latch)  Height adjustment - mid-travel  Base tilt adjustment - flattest					
Height adjustment - mid-travel  Base tilt adjustment - flattest	D1.7	Table 5	Rear seat adjustments, where applicable		
Base tilt adjustment - flattest					
			Height adjustment - mid-travel		
Lumbar support adjustment - retracted			Base tilt adjustment - flattest		
			Lumbar support adjustment - retracted		
Head restraints - lowest, unless specified			Head restraints - lowest, unless specified		

Test Engineer	Signature	Date:	v2.1 Page 18



		by manufacturer		
		Armrests stowed		
		Photograph the test position of the rear seat(s), showing set-up marks		D1.7 (if adjusted)
D1.8	5.1.4	Mark mechanical foremost seating position on the door sill or seat runner		
D1.9	ANCAP	Mark mechanical rearmost seating position on the door sill or seat runner		
D1.10	5.1.6	Mark 95%ile seating position (Manufacturer Settings A4.3) on door sill or seat runner. Label "95"		
D1.11	5.1.7	Measure distance between foremost and 95%ile points	mm	
		Half of distance =	mm	
D1.12	5.1.7	Mark centre position between foremost and 95%ile position on sill tape and adjust seat to this position		
D1.13	5.1.9	Ensure seat is latched on both rails (move rearward if required to latch)		D1.13
		Photograph seat and marks		
D2 Steer	ing Whee	l Adjustments		
ITEM	PROTOCOL	DESCRIPTION	CHECKED	РНОТО
D2.1	5.3	Is horizontal adjustment provided?	Y/N	
		If YES, mark steering column fully forward		
		Mark steering column fully rearward		
		Calculate distance (X) between marks	mm	
		Mark mid-position and adjust steering column to this position. Lock in place		
		Photograph marks and steering column position		D2.1
D2.2	5.4	Is vertical adjustment provided?	Y/N	
		If YES, mark steering column fully down		
		Mark steering column fully up		
		Calculate distance (X) between marks	mm	
		Mark mid-position and adjust steering column to this position. Lock in place		
		Photograph marks and steering column position		D2.2
D2.3	-	Determine axis of steering wheel and mark a cross on the hub, in line with this axis (eg the mark should not move when the steering wheel is rotated)		
Tes	st Engineer	Signature Date:	V	2.1 Page 19

Test Engineer	Signature	Date:	v2.1 Page 19



D3 Seat belt upper anchorage (driver)						
ITEM	PROTOCOL	DESCRIPTION	CHECKED	РНОТО		
D3.1	Table 5	Is vertical adjustment provided?	Y/N			
		Did manufacturer specify a setting?	Y/N			
		If provided, adjust to manufacturer's setting				
		If adjustable but no manufacturer's setting, mark anchorage fully down				
		Mark anchorage fully up	mm			
		Calculate distance (X) between marks				
		Mark mid-position and adjust anchorage to this position. Ensure it is locked in place (nearest notch upwards)		D3.1		
		Photograph marks and seat belt anchorage position				

## **D4 H-Point position**

Install H-Point machine as described in SAE J826 and section 6.1 of Test Protocol

Seat must not be loaded and must be at room temp for 1 hour before H-Point check

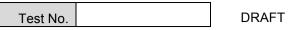
Only test organisation personnel are permitted to install and adjust the H-point machine. With ANCAP approval, manufacturer's representatives may observe but must not touch the H-point machine. Remove machine and repeat procedure if this occurs).

ITEM	PROTOCOL	DESCRIPTION	CHECKED	РНОТО
D4.1	6.1	New seat cycled by 65-85kg person for 1 minute on two occasions		
D4.2	6.1	Place jack stands under vehicle		
D4.3	6.1.1	Did manufacturer provide seat back angle setting? (see A4.3)		
D4.4	6.1.1	Set seat back angle to manufacturer's setting or 25 degrees (default)		
D4.5	6.1.2	Muslin cloth placed on seat		
D4.6	6.1.3	Install seat and back components of H-point machine		
D4.7	6.1.4	Set leg lengths 401mm thigh and 414mm lower leg. Photograph setting		D4.7
D4.8	6.1.5	Attach lower legs to H-point machine and check that t-bar is horizontal		
D4.9	6.1.6	Place right foot on undepressed accelerator pedal with heel as far forwards as possible		

Test Engineer	Signature	Date:	v2.1 Page 20
rest Engineer	Signature	Date:	V2.1 Page 20

D4.10	6.1.6	Measure Y distance from foot to centreline of machine		eline	mm		
D4.11	6.1.7	Place left foot at same distance centreline, foot flat on footwell	e from				
D4.12	6.1.8	Install lower leg and thigh weig	ghts				
D4.13	6.1.9	Tilt back pan fully forward and machine away from seat back					
D4.14	6.1.10	Push machine back against se	at back				
D4.15	6.1.11	Apply (nominal) 100N load twi specified	ce as				
D4.16	6.1.12	Return back pan to normal por against seat back	sition,				
D4.17	6.1.13	Install buttock weights					
D4.18	6.1.14	Install torso weights (alternative	ely)				
D4.19	6.1.15	side to side (feet unrestrained upright so T-bar is horizontal.	Tilt back pan fully forwards, rock 5 degrees side to side (feet unrestrained). Return upright so T-bar is horizontal. Ensure machine is at lateral centreline of seat				
D4.20	6.1.16	Reposition feet by lifting then lowering so heel contacts floor and sole on undepressed accelerator pedal					
D4.21	6.1.18	Return back pan to normal por against seat back	Return back pan to normal position, against seat back				
D4.22	6.1.18	Check that the machine is hor	izontal				
D4.23	6.1.19	adjust torso angle to manufact setting or 25 degrees. Ensure	Using the spirit level on the machine, adjust torso angle to manufacturer's setting or 25 degrees. Ensure back pan stays in contact with seat and is level.		degrees		
D4.24	6.1.20	Measure H-Point (relative to reference point A4.12)		х	Y	Z	
		Photograph measurement of H	I-Point				
							D4.24
D4.25	-	Mark and record one point on seat back and two points on seat base/cushion (points	mm	Х	Y	Z	
		chosen to B3.10 may be	Seat back				
	if seat has been moved out of position, if necessary.	Seat base				-	

Test Engineer	Signature	Date:	v2.1 Page 21





		Photograph alignment marks	Seat base 2			D4.25
D4.26	-	Remove H-point machine. Jac may also be removed.	k stands	3		

D5 Vehic	D5 Vehicle settings - see Table 5 of Test Protocol					
D5.1	-	Set all glazing to raised (Closed) position. Sunroof must be closed.				
D5.2	-	Set transmission to neutral				
D5.3	-	Set parking brake to disengaged				
D5.4	-	Set pedals to normal position of rest				
D5.6	-	Set roof to raised (convertibles)				
D5.7	-	Set sunvisors to stowed				
D5.8	-	Set rear view mirror to normal position of use				
D5.9	-	Set all other adjustments to mid position (record these components):				
D5.10	-	Remove any extra keys/key rings from ignition key				
D5.11	-	Remove or modify rear head restraints in accordance with manufacturer's instructions (see A4.19), where they may obscure the view of the child dummies through the rear window.				

D6 Notes about passenger compartment setup								

Test Engineer   Signature   Date: v2.1 Page 22
--

Test No.	DRAFT
----------	-------



## E. Dummy installation

## Purpose:

- · To install child dummies in vehicle
- To install EuroSID 2 dummy in vehicle
- · Align vehicle with mobile barrier
- To mark and paint dummies

## **E1 Child dummy installation**

It is usually easiest to install the child dummies before the ES2 dummy. Order is not important.

See A4.16 & A4.17 for make and model of child restraint.

ITEM	PROTOCOL	DESCRIPTION	CHECKED	РНОТО
E1.1	6.4	TNO P1.5 dummy Serial No.		
		Date of last calibration:		
		Child restraint model:		
E1.2	6.4	TNO P3 dummy Serial No.		
		Date of last calibration:		
		Child restraint model		
E1.3	-	Close-fitting stretch cotton clothing fitted to both child dummies		
E1.4	-	Will child dummies be at controlled temperature for at least the same duration as ES-2? (If not justify)	Y/N	
E1.5	6.4.1	Check handbook for CRS installation instructions		
E1.6	6.4.1	Install child restraints according to CRS/handbook instructions, including top tether (6.4.1)		
E1.7	6.4.3	Do rear outboard seats have automatic locking retractors?	Y/ N	
		If instructions on a label near seat belt then follow them to engage automatic lock and photograph label	Label Y / N	E1.7 (label)
		Otherwise, install without locking		
E1.8	6.4.5.1	Set 50N tension in both lap and sash portions of seat belt and then apply CRS clamps, if fitted		
E1.9	-	Apply 50N tension to top tether adjuster		
E1.10	-	Install P1.5 dummy behind driver seat & P3 behind passenger seat (note different to offset test)		

Test Engineer	Signature	Date:	v2.1 Page 23
	Cignatal C	Date.	1 - 1 - 1 - 3 1



E1.11	6.4.4.1	Install 25x60mm flexible spacer between dummy back and CRS	
E1.12	6.4.4.1	Apply 250+/-50N tension to harness adjusters (or less if CRS manual indicates)	
E1.13	6.4.4.2	Release harness and remove spacer	
E1.14	6.4.4.2	Re-fasten harness push dummy back in seat and distribute harness slack evenly	
E1.15	6.4.4.2	Lift legs and allow to drop naturally	
E1.16	6.4.4.2	Lightly tape hands onto thighs	
E1.17	6.4.4.2	Check dummy is visually upright and legs are parallel	

## E2 ES2 adult dummy installation

Note that H-point on the ES-2 dummy is 21mm forward of that on the H-point machine. The ES-2 dummy backplate is marked with an "Hm" point that corresponds to the H-point machine and is used to set the dummy position.

Dummy should not be sitting on seat for more than 2 hours before the test.

Test No.

Only test organisation personnel are permitted to install and adjust the dummies. With ANCAP approval, manufacturer's representatives may observe but must not touch any dummy.

If the dummy is moved in a way that might cause the neck or spine to be unusually distorted, then remove dummy, hang by crown to straighten neck and spine and repeat procedure.

Dummy temperature must be stabilised at least 5 hours prior to setting joint stiffness and holding force. Record dates as well as times if not all events on same day. Recording temperature inside dummy flesh is not necessary if ambient temperature is continuously recorded within 1 metre of the dummy and remains with the specified range of 18 to 26 degrees. This is a NHTSA provision.

ITEM	PROTOCOL	DESCRIPTION	CHECKED	РНОТО
E2.1		ES-2 dummy Serial no.:		
		Date since last calibration:		
		Number of times used since last calibration (prior to this test):		
E2.2	6.3.1	ES-2 rubber wetsuit fitted to dummy		
E2.3	6.3.1	Calf-length cotton pants and shoes fitted to dummy		
E2.4	6.3.1	Dummy temperature stabilised between 18 to 26 deg - Start date & time	Date Time	
		Measurement method (ambient temperature or dummy flesh):		
		Photograph temperature measuring device		E2.4
E2.5	2.5.2.4	Dummy joint stiffness set at (time)	Date Time	
		Time elapsed since temperature stablised	Hours	

Test Engineer   Signature   Date:
-----------------------------------



			1 = .
E2.6	2.5.2.2	Dummy shoulder screw torque set to obtain 1-2g holding force (2.5.2.2)	Date Time
E2.7		Dummy installed in vehicle at (time)	Date Time
E2.8	6.3.1.1	Position the ES2 so its centreline is coincident with the seat centreline marks (6.3.1.1)	
E2.9	6.3.1.2	Fasten seat belt and check that the dummy does not move. Seat belt may then be unfastened to facilitate adjustments, measurements and painting.	
E2.10	-	Support vehicle on jacks	
E2.11	6.3.1.3	Manoeuvre dummy until Hm point is within a 10mm radius of Target H Point, relative to the defined reference point on the vehicle	
E2.12	6.3.2	Visually check ES2 for a square, central and level positioning and that the transverse instrument platform of the dummy head is level +/- 0.5 degrees.(* under review)	
		The line through the dummy Hm points should be horizontal with a maximum inclination of +/-2 degrees (equivalent to a vertical (Z) difference of 12mm).	
E2.13	6.3.3.2	Initially move the legs to adjust knee gap (measured from inner metal plate) so that each is 75mm (+/-5mm) from the seat centreline.	
		Position right foot on accelerator centre line with the heel on the floor as far forward as possible.	
E2.14	6.3.3.1	Position left foot perpendicular to lower leg and left heel in same transverse plane as right heel.	
E2.15 (no E2.16)	6.3.3.3	If necessary, move each leg to adjust knee gap (inner plate to seat centreline) to 75+/-5mm.	mm
E2.17	6.3.3.4	If possible, dummy thighs should touch seat cushion. Do they touch?	Y/N
E2.18	-	Check all cables to ensure they are unlikely to become trapped or interfere with dummy movement	
E2.19	6.3.3.5	Visually check ES2 for a square and level positioning	
E2.20	6.3.3.5	Check that Hm point is still within 10mm	

Test Engineer	Signature	Date:	v2.1 Page 25

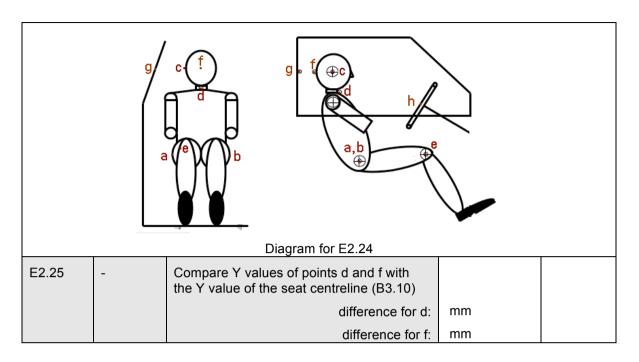


		redice of toward II maint	
		radius of target H-point	
E2.21	6.3.4	Set both arms to 40 degree indent position (6.3.4) (40 degrees +/-5 degrees from torso arm reference line)	
E2.22	Table 5	If tilt adjustable, adjust tilt angle of head restraint to mid-position. Where only two locking tilt positions are available set it to the rearmost position.	
E2.23	Table 5 (see also the Whiplash Protocol)	If height adjustable, determine the highest and lowest lockable positions. Move the head restraint to the first lockable position at or above the mid-point. If this is more than 10mm above the mid-point then move the head restraint to the next lockable position below the mid-point. Where there are only two locking height positions the lowest should be used.  The head restraint may touch the dummy head in this test.	

E2.24	6.5	With 3D machine, measure & record dummy reference points (see diagram below). Photograph measurement of right Hm.	X	Υ	Z	
		a) Right H-point Hm				E2.24
		b) Left H-point Hm (Z value should be within 12mm of point a)				
		c) Head C of G (outboard side of head)				
		d) Front centre of lower neck				
		e) Outboard knee outer pivot				
		f) Rearmost point of head at C of G height				
		g) Foremost point of b-pillar window opening, at head C of G height				
		h) Centre of steering wheel (D2.3)				
		i) Y value of lateral centreline of seat cushion (not illustrated - see B3.10)				

Test Engineer	Signature	Date:	v2.1 Page 26
1 cot Engineer	Olgridiaio	Date.	1 - 1 - 1 - 5 - 5







E2.26	6.5	Measure and record dummy to vehicle clearances (see diagram and notes overleaf). Where horizontal measurements are taken with a tape measure use a spirit level or similar to ensure accuracy.	
		A. Top of head to roof lining (Z)	mm
		B. Tip of nose to windscreen joint (XZ plane)	mm
		C. Tip of nose to centre of steering wheel	mm
		E. Chest to centre of steering wheel(X)	mm
		F. Hm point to door opening (Z)	mm
		G. Knee bolt to floor covering (Z)	mm
		H. Head (C of G decal) to side window or interior trim (Y)	mm
		J. Shoulder bolt to side window or interior trim (Y)	mm
		L. Hm point to interior door trim/handle (Y)	mm
		M. Knee bolt to interior door trim (Y)	mm
		N. Back of head (C of G point) to window opening (X) (points f & g from E2.24)	mm
		P. Minimum knee gap (see E2.15) (Y)	mm
		Q. Minimum ankle gap (Y)	mm
Glass pane intern trim	or A	Roof lining Window opening Windscreen joint (trim)	Y (Level required) Y Z Closest dist. X (Level required)  Centre of steering wheel hub
L	al trim	Door opening Floor	covering

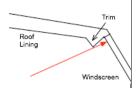
Test Engineer	Signature	Date:	v2.1 Page 28
	Cignata C	Date.	1 - 1 - 1 - 3

Notes for dimension measurements: (I, K & O are not used)



A. Locate topmost point of dummy head. Project a line vertically above this point. Measure the vertical (Z) distance to where this line intersects the interior roof lining (ceiling)

B. Locate the nose point on the dummy (foremost point of nose). In the same longitudinal (XZ) plane, locate the point where the windscreen glazing meets the roofline. Measure the distance to the *interior of the glass*, as close as possible to this point (that is, glancing the trim, if necessary - see diagram)



C. Locate the nose point on the dummy. Locate the centre mark on the steering wheel hub (D2.3). Measure the distance between these points (not necessarily in XZ plane if steering wheel is off-centre)

- D. Locate the centre mark on the steering wheel hub (D2.3). Using a level (or similar device) project a line directly rearwards from this point (X direction). Measure the distance to where this line intersects the exterior of the wet-suit material on the dummy chest (this might not be the centreline of the dummy, if the steering wheel is off-centre).
- E. Locate outboard Hm point on dummy. With door open, locate the foremost point on the door opening that is at the same height as the Hm point. Use a level, or similar device, to ensure alignment is horizontal. Measure the longitudinal (X) distance between these points.
- F. Locate outboard Hm point on dummy. With door open, locate the highest point on the door sill that is at the same X-dimension as the Hm point. Measure the vertical (Z) distance between these points.
- G. Locate centre of the top of the outboard knee bolt on dummy. Project a line vertically below this point. Measure the distance where this line intersects the firm upper surface of the carpet or floor covering.
- H. Locate C of G decal on outboard side of dummy head. Project a line transversely outboard (Y) from the C of mark. Measure the distance between the mark and the first point of contact with the vehicle (interior of window pane or interior trim). The window may be wound down partially to take this measurement. Use a level, or similar device, to ensure measurement is horizontal.
- J. Locate centre of the top of the shoulder bolt on outboard side of dummy. Project a line transversely outboard (Y). Measure the distance along this line between the *exterior of the wet-suit material* and the first point of contact with the vehicle (interior window pane or interior trim). Use a level, or similar device, to ensure measurement is horizontal.
- L. Locate the outboard Hm point. Project a line transversely outboard (Y). Measure the distance between the Hm point and the first point of contact with the vehicle (interior trim). Use a level, or similar device, to ensure measurement is horizontal.
- M. Locate centre of the top of the knee bolt on outboard side of dummy. Project a line transversely outboard (Y). Measure the distance between the bolt head and the first point of contact with the vehicle (interior trim). Use a level, or similar device, to ensure measurement is horizontal.
- N. Difference in X values between points f & g for item E2.24. Record -ve value if head is behind window opening.
- P. Measure the minimum transverse gap between the inside surface of the knees within a radius (about Y axis) of 50mm of the knee bolts. .
- Q. Measure the minimum transverse gap between inner surface of the ankles within a radius (about Y axis) of 50mm of the ankle bolts.

E2.27	-	Compare dummy position measurements with manufacturer's target values (if any). Resolve any major discrepancy.	
E2.28	-	Does dummy positioning comply with protocol and reasonably match manufacturer's data? If not notify ANCAP before proceeding with test.	
E2.29	-	Photograph dummy in position	
		side view - driver's side	E2.29a
		side view - from passenger side	E2.29b
		front view (through windscreen) in line with	E2.29c
		seat centreline	E2.29d
		dummy feet position - driver side	E2.29e
		dummy feet position - from passenger side	
E2.30	9.3	Note: this task can be performed at any time after the vehicle is at its laden test mass (either with ballast or ES2 dummy in place)	
		With the vehicle in place at the impact location and at 90 degrees (+/-1 degree or	

Test Engineer	Signature	Date:	v2.1 Page 29





		90mm over a 5m span) to the impact direction (see B5.4), roll the trolley barrier up to the vehicle. Move the vehicle sideways so that the centreline of the barrier (pin) aligns with the R-point of the vehicle.		E2.20a
		Using the mark from B5.4 (centreline, near the front) drop a vertical line to the ground from this point. Mark the ground. Repeat for the point at the rear of the vehicle. These will be used to check the alignment of the vehicle prior to the test.  Photograph the alignment marks		E2.30b
E2.31	3.1	Check that the data for all dummies and vehicle accelerometer are being acquired	Right side (49ch)	Left side (7ch)

	Test No.	DRAFT
Λ	N.C.A.D.	

#### E3 DUMMY PAINTING (Protocol 2.5.3)

Dummy painting must be done just prior to the test (or moistened) so that the paint is still wet during the impact. Alernatively, paint may be sprayed with water just prior to test or slow-drying paint used.

Apply masking tape to the parts of the dummy to be painted. The paint should completely cover the tape, except for the square of tape on the dummy head. In this case only the outer edge of the square should be painted.

Take care to not move the dummy during painting. If the arm is moved or the seat belt is unfastened to facilitate painting then the person who installed the dummy must restore the arm to the original position and fasten the seat belt.

and lasten the seat beit.						
Paint on tape location			Siz	ze	Colour	Checked
ES2 struck side of head - lower edge of square at c of g			100x	100	Red edge	
ES2 struck side shoulder - down from fixing hole			25x <sup>2</sup>	150	Blue	
ES2 struck	side upper r	ib - start from seat back contact point	150 :	strip	Red	
ES2 struck	side mid rib	- start from seat back contact point	150 :	strip	Yellow	
ES2 struck	side lower ri	b - start from seat back contact point	150 :		Green	
ES2 struck side Abdomen				50x50 Red		
ES2 struck side pelvis - centred on hip point		50x <sup>2</sup>	100	Orange		
Child dummy (x2) top of head		50x	50	Blue		
Child dummy (x2) head band - eyebrow level (cog to cog) left to right thirds		25 s	trip	red/yell/green		
ITEM	PROTOCOL	DESCRIPTION	CHECKED		РНОТО	
E3.1	2.5.3	Paper tape on CRS sides for head collevaluation	ontact			
E3.2	- All dummy painting completed to protocol (record time)		9			

ITEM	PROTOCOL	DESCRIPTION	CHECKED	РНОТО
E3.1	2.5.3	Paper tape on CRS sides for head contact evaluation		
E3.2	-	All dummy painting completed to protocol (record time)	Time	
E3.3	-	Seat belt fastened by person who installed dummy		
E3.4		Arms returned to test position by person who installed dummy (see E2.21)		
E3.5	-	Visually check ES2 once more for square and level positioning		

E4 Notes about dummy installation		

Test Engineer   Signature   Date: v2.1 Page 3
---

Test No.		DRAFT
----------	--	-------



## F. Final checks prior to crash test

#### Purpose:

- · To check that all tasks have been completed
- · To secure the area
- To manage witnesses
- To check vehicle items

#### F1 Final checks

Witnesses to an ANCAP test may include test contractor personnel, ANCAP members, manufacturer's representatives and approved ANCAP contractors, No other individuals shall be allowed to witness any ANCAP vehicle test unless specifically authorized by an ANCAP member.

It is the contractor's responsibility to secure the test site area during a test and to shield the impact area from the public view.

Any witnesses to the test must be informed that, unless authorised by ANCAP, they must not:

- · touch the vehicle or dummies at any time
- · take any photographs or any other record of the test and
- divulge any aspects of the test to another party.

An attendance book with a statement based on the above wording may be used for this purpose.

ITEM	PROTOCOL	DESCRIPTION	CHECKED	РНОТО
F1.1		Sections A to E of cover sheet completed?		
F1.2		All pre-crash photos taken		
F1.3		Test area secured (all access points locked, all visitors in secure area)		
F1.4		All witnesses signed in and briefed about confidentiality and safety		
F1.5		Check alignment marks at front and rear of vehicle (E2.30). Adjust vehicle position if necessary.		
F1.6		Child dummies correct position (P1.5 behind driver for side impact test)		
F1.7		Seat belts / harnesses fastened		
F1.8		Windows up (for side impact test)		
F1.9		Ignition on		
		Witnessed/performed by manufacturer's representative:		
F1.10		Check airbag warning light functions correctly (if applicable)		
F1.11		Remove external power supply. Check battery voltage within manufacturer's recommendation (A4.15)		
		Run engine, if specified by manufacturer (eg to charge suspension system)		

Test Engineer	Signature	Date:	v2.1 Page 32
	Cignatal C	Date.	1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1



F1.12		Bonnet and boot closed		
F1.13		Temperature sensor removed & temperature reading confirmed within tolerances		
F1.14		Temperature-controlled conditions ceased at	Date Time	
		(eg record time that air-conditioning ceases and/or prep-room door is opened)		
F1.15		Vehicle doors closed but not locked		
F.16	-	All jacks and other obstacles removed		
F.17	1.1.8	Measure laden ride heights		
		Front L	mm	
		Front R	mm	
		Rear R	mm	
		Rear L	mm	
		Do any of the values differ from those measured at B2.11 by more than 10mm?	Y/N	
		If YES delay test and investigate problem.		
F1.18		Time elapsed since dummy was seated	hh:mm	
F1.19		Time of test	Time	

F2 Notes about test
Name of manufacturer's representative:
Comments by representative
Test organisation response/comments/recommendations
Name of ANCAP representative:
Comments by / Decision of ANCAP representative

Test Engineer   Signature   Date:   v2.1 Page 3	Test Engineer
---	---------------

Test No. DRAFT
----------------



## G. Post-crash checks & measurements

#### Purpose:

- To check that impact parameters were within tolerances
- · To check and record vehicle items
- · To remove dummies from vehicle

## **G** Immediate post-crash checks and measurements

Vehicle and impact area should be secured. In particular, ensure that there is no danger from broken glass, leaked fluids (such as battery acid) or stored energy in deformed panels.

Ensure that only test organisation personnel touch the vehicle and dummies after the impact and that only authorised personnel take photographs or video - visitors with authority should be clearly identified by tag or similar means. Avoid moving the dummies and airbags before photographs have been taken.

ITEM	PROTOCOL	DESCRIPTION	CHECKED	РНОТО
G1	-	Photograph vehicle and barrier in post- crash positions		G1
G2	9.3	Locate pin marks and determine alignment difference (pin mark to R-point vertical line)  Within +/-25mm?  Photograph pins marks or alternative method of determining alignment	mm Y/N	G2
G3	9.1	Record test speed measurement Within 50km/h +/-1km/h	km/h Y/ N	
G4	9.2	Examine video and check for secondary impacts. If a major secondary impact occurs than this should be reported, together with possible effects on injury measurements.	Y/N	
G5	9.4	Check whether any doors have opened during impact, including tailgate  Photograph all doors, clearly showing the latch position if any are deemed to be "open"	Y/N	G5 (one for each door)
G6	9.4.1	Check if any doors have locked  Photograph any controls that have locked	Y/N	G6 (if locked)
G7	9.4.2	Measure the opening force for each door on the unstruck side Front unlatch  Front 45°  Rear unlatch  Rear 45°	N N N	

Test Engineer	Signature	Date:	v2.1 Page 34



G8	9.5	Removal of ES2 dummy. Use the following order:		
		a) removed without any vehicle	Y / N	
		adjustments	Y/N	
		b) recline seat back	Y/N	
		c) slide seat back on runners	Y/N	
		d) remove seat from vehicle		
G9	-	Record seat belt condition		
		Did pretensioners fire?	Y/N	
G10	-	Record airbag deployments		G10
		Photograph deployed airbags and any contact marks		
G11	-	Examine ES2 dummy for damage and record any damage		G11 (each
		Photograph damage		item)
G12	-	Examine vehicle interior for paint marks		G12
		and other signs of contacts with dummy		(each
		Photograph contact marks		contact)
G13	-	Check for fuel leaks		G13 (if
		Photograph any leaks		leak)
G14	ANCAP	Locate the crush profile grid points from B5.5. Measure the 3D co-ordinates of points that are accessible and report the amount of crush (Y axis difference). Photograph measurement of crush.		G14

## H. Data processing and reporting

## Purpose:

- To process injury data, prepare graphs and calculate injury parameters
- To process crash test video and prepare edited footage in digital format
- To take remaining post-crash photographs
- To conduct post-crash damage inspection and record observations
- To prepare Crash Test Report and data CD/DVD
- · To archive crash test data
- To store and dispose wrecked vehicle

No ANCAP checklists are associated with this section

Test Engineer	Signature	Date:	v2.1 Page 35
	- 3		•